

Summary Report

UNHCR and the International Council of Voluntary Agencies (ICVA) co-organized the **2024 Global Consultations with NGOs** on the themes of **solutions, inclusion, and gender equality** in Geneva from the 11th to the 13th of June 2024. The recommendations below built on the 2023 Regional Consultations and have been developed through a consultative process that included a pre-event online questionnaire, group discussions, and a steering group with NGO and UNHCR colleagues. The event was opened by the UN High Commissioner for Refugees, Filippo Grandi, and closed by the Deputy High Commissioner, Kelly Clements, together with the Executive Director of ICVA, Jamie Munn.

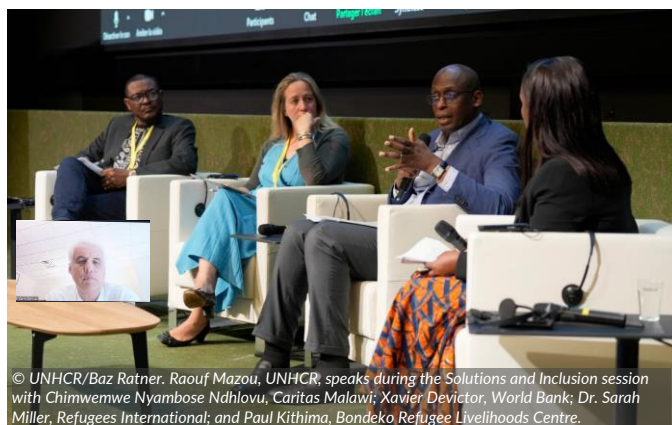
More than 200 NGO and UNHCR representatives participated in the Global Consultations. UNHCR supported the participation of 21 local organizations and organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless persons, including 10 women-led (WLO) and 4 led by persons with disabilities, and ensured their meaningful participation in the event.

NGOs at the 2024 Global Consultations

	NGO (%)	Participant (%)
Local/national	65 (52%)	80 (45%)
International	61 (48%)	98 (55%)
Refugee-led	37 (29%)	49 (28%)
IDP-led	5 (4%)	6 (3.4%)
Stateless-led	5 (4%)	7 (4%)
Women-led	39 (31%)	49 (28%)
Youth-led	3 (2.4%)	3 (1.7%)
Led by person with disability	4 (3.1%)	5 (2.8%)
Faith-based	18 (14%)	31 (17%)
Total	126	178

Solutions and Inclusion

Two sessions on *Solutions and Inclusion* emphasized the critical need to transition from humanitarian to development-driven approaches. Key discussions focused on moving away from encampment models and shifting services into national systems to foster long-term resilience.



Maintaining a protection lens and advocating for evidence-based, inclusive policies were identified as essential. The role of development highlighted as vital for scaling up sustainable outcomes. In the second session, panelists shared practical examples of development-oriented programming that promote self-reliance, emphasizing education, vocational training, data-driven solutions, and partnerships designed to integrate displaced communities.



Gender Equality

Two sessions on *Gender Equality* focused on equal partnership with organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls, strategies for sustainable and effective gender equality, and the right to live free from gender-based violence (GBV). Backlash on women rights and under-funding of gender equality and GBV prevention and response programming have been highlighted as key concerns. Recommendations made during the sessions focused on multi-year funding and equitable partnerships with WLOs and organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless persons in all their diversity, capacity-sharing, and meaningful inclusion in humanitarian coordination mechanisms. In addition, all stakeholders must be accountable to bridge gender divides.



Recommendations to Member States, NGOs, and UNHCR

The recommendations in this report were jointly developed by UNHCR and NGOs. To increase participation and inclusivity an **online questionnaire** gathered ideas on recommendations from NGOs worldwide. Their suggestions were consolidated in the form of recommendations and reviewed by the UNHCR-NGO Steering Group. During the **interactive session on 12 June**, participants worked in small groups to refine the recommendations and develop targeted actions for Member States, UNHCR, and NGOs. They will be **presented during the 75th session of the Executive Committee** by two NGO rapporteurs. See included **annex** for the detailed action points per actor.

Solutions and Inclusion

Area-based approaches. Promote social cohesion and contribute to durable solutions and sustainable peace by adopting area-based approaches that leverage collaboration between national and international humanitarian, development, and peace actors.

Preventing parallel systems. Where possible avoid the creation of separate service provision and build on existing structures that support development outcomes from the onset of a crisis, including policies and programmes inclusive of host, stateless, and displaced communities and strengthening national government systems.

Evidence-building for inclusion. Support governments to protect and include forcibly displaced and stateless persons in national systems by using localized and comparable data (disaggregated by age, gender, and diversity) collected through participatory approaches and accessible to all stakeholders.

Self-reliance and equal access to opportunities. Address barriers and promote inclusive policies in accessing rights and (social, economic, and mobility) opportunities for increased self-reliance in jointly implemented sustainable programmes with realistic exit strategies.

Positive narrative promotion. Develop and implement policies and programmes that promote positive narratives on solutions and inclusion through meaningful participation and dialogue between forcibly displaced, stateless, and host communities.

Equal access to services and protection. Strengthen locally-led action aimed at sharing knowledge of rights to ensure equal access to services and protection for forcibly displaced and stateless persons and host communities without discrimination.

Collaborative and equitable partnerships. Engage in a transparent, collaborative, and equitable multi-stakeholder approach in the design, implementation, evaluation of programmes and projects to strengthen local ownership for service provision.

Learning and knowledge-sharing. Foster reciprocal learning and knowledge exchange among stakeholders for more effective programming for protection, solutions, and inclusion, including regular data dissemination and sharing promising practices, technical expertise, and experiences of refugees and forcibly displaced people.

Gender Equality

Women-led organizations and shifting power. Support the expertise and leadership of organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls in all their diversity, promote their meaningful participation in decision-making forums such as the Inter-Agency Coordination mechanisms, scale up opportunities for flexible and sustainable funding for gender transformative programming, programmes for GBV, and capacity-sharing, build equitable partnerships and coalitions, and engage in collective advocacy across the humanitarian, peace, and development nexus.

Women and girls as equal partners. Strengthen accountability to forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls in all their diversity by ensuring they are equal partners in humanitarian efforts, including through their meaningful participation and leadership in decision-making processes.

LGBTIQ+ organizations. Support the efforts of LGBTIQ+ organizations led by or supporting LGBTIQ+ displaced and stateless people, by removing barriers restricting LGBTIQ+ rights, mitigating risks they face in carrying out their work, enabling their meaningful participation in decision-making processes, co-design, and co-delivery of programs, strengthening capacity, channeling quality funding, including through direct partnerships.

Private sector engagement. Promote sustainable, equitable, and strategic partnerships between the private sector and organizations led by displaced and stateless women, girls, and LGBTIQ+ persons, in all their diversity, including those with disabilities, with a focus on mapping of actors and opportunities for engagement in financing, joint advocacy, and capacity sharing.

GBV prevention and response programming. Foster equal partnerships between local (in particular women-led organizations) and international organizations to maximize the impact and sustainability of GBV specialized programming; and jointly advocate with donors for the prioritization of GBV funding (including multi-year funding) to ensure the provision of comprehensive prevention and response interventions.

Protection from GBV along mixed movement routes. Enable a holistic, survivor-centered, coordinated, and adaptable approach to protect forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls, in all their diversity, from GBV as they move as part of mixed movements of refugees and migrants.

2024 NGO Award

The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees awarded three winners of the **2024 NGO Award** during the Opening session. The Award was dedicated to **local organizations supporting forcibly displaced and stateless persons with disabilities and organizations that are led by them**. It provided one NGO or community-based organization (CBO) in each of the three categories (local, refugee-led, led by persons with disabilities) with a grant (US\$ 15,000), coupled with visibility and exposure to international partners, media, and donors, and the opportunity to network and learn from one another.

One person out of six lives with disability and our estimates indicate that around 17.2 million people with disabilities are currently displaced. They are disproportionately affected by forced displacement, with higher likelihood to be left behind or abandoned. Difficulties in moving, hearing, seeing, communicating, or learning, coupled with physical and environmental barriers, may hinder access to protection, assistance, and solutions.

The Winners



Asociación de Sordos de Honduras

Honduras
Organization led by persons with disabilities

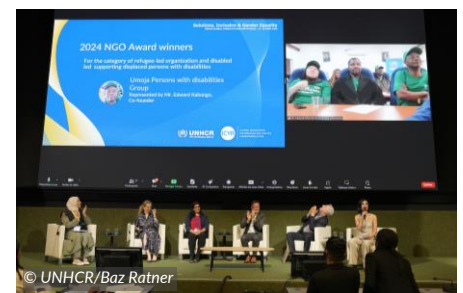
Asociación de Sordos de Honduras (ASH) [Association of the Deaf, in English] is an organization that advocates for the rights of persons with disabilities in Honduras, and for their equal access to education and livelihood opportunities. ASH has developed a series of training sessions and educational materials tailored to the deaf community. Given a lack of inclusive information sharing methods in Honduras, ASH observed that awareness of forced displacement issues was often limited among those with visual and hearing impairments. Thus, AHS created [glossary featuring specific signs in Honduran Sign Language \(LESHO\) related to protection and forced displacement](#).



Takatof Shababe Association

Syria
Local NGO/CBO supporting displaced persons with disabilities

Takatof Shababe Association endeavors to establish a sustainable workplace for individuals with disabilities by establishing a restaurant primarily managed and staffed by them. This initiative aims to facilitate social and economic inclusion through rehabilitation, vocational training, and employment opportunities. By providing holistic support including psychological assistance, skills development, and business education, the project aims to improve the well-being of individuals with disabilities while addressing societal stereotypes.



Umoja Persons with disabilities Group

Malawi
Refugee-led organization supporting displaced persons with disabilities

Umoja Persons with Disabilities Group (UPD) is a driving force in Dzaleka Refugee Camp, identifying and supporting refugees with disabilities through advocacy for better inclusion, capacity sharing and community-building initiatives. They partner with the Malawian government to promote disability rights through seminars and workshops, engaging stakeholders at all levels. UPD's training center provides English classes and essential job skills, empowering refugees with disabilities. Additionally, UPD ensures these individuals receive necessary medical and food assistance, enhancing their overall well-being.



Recommendations to Member States, NGOs and UNHCR

EXTENDED VERSION

Solutions and Inclusion

Area-based approaches. Promote social cohesion and contribute to durable solutions and sustainable peace by adopting area-based approaches that leverage collaboration between national and international humanitarian, development, and peace actors.

Member States are recommended to...

- Invest in inclusive prevention and anticipatory action, disaster risk reduction, and early warning, including on anticipated population movements, to support all persons within a designated area.
- Work with local actors, such as municipalities and service providers, including civil society, to include forcibly displaced people in national systems and promote social cohesion at the local level.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Create equitable partnerships with local and community-based actors providing support to both host and forcibly displaced communities (including by providing grants and other opportunities).
- Advocate with, and provide technical support to, Member States to adopt and implement nexus strategies and approaches to address the needs of vulnerable displaced and host communities in a holistic manner.

- Strengthen the understanding among international staff of the local cultures and traditions in the countries where they are active to ensure their programs are respectful and foster trust and collaboration with and within the community.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Promote solutions from the start of interventions, including strengthening sustainable local structures, encouraging investment in public services, and avoiding the creation of parallel systems.
- Implement area-based approaches that empower local or community-based partners and systems through diversified, flexible, and long-term funding.
- Identify and mobilize local goodwill ambassadors, such as faith leaders, business leaders, or elders, to promote social cohesion and peace at local and community level.

Preventing parallel systems. Where possible avoid the creation of separate service provision and build on existing structures that support development outcomes from the onset of a crisis, including policies and programmes inclusive of host, stateless, and displaced communities and strengthening national government systems.

Member States are recommended to...

- Guarantee a legal framework that provides legal status and documentation for refugees and stateless persons and ensures access to and inclusion in national services and systems.
- Allocate and contribute funding to projects that focus on the strengthening of national systems.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Undertake in collaboration with relevant actors, awareness raising activities on the rights of forcibly displaced and stateless persons to protection and inclusion in national systems.
- Promote and implement programmes that support and strengthen national systems.
- Facilitate access to services and share information on (how to gain access to) the national systems with

forcibly displaced and stateless persons.

- Include host communities as part of the project target population, to ensure interventions are holistic and benefit both forcibly displaced and stateless persons and the communities that host them.

UNHCR should...

- Invest in the human resource capacity of organizations from both the host and displaced community, so they gain the knowledge and skills to facilitate access to national systems and provide services to those in need.
- Coordinate regular assessments of a government's capacity for inclusion in national systems to inform funding needs and partnerships with development actors

Evidence-building for inclusion. Support governments to protect and include forcibly displaced and stateless persons in national systems by using localized and comparable data (disaggregated by age, gender, and diversity) collected through participatory approaches and accessible to all stakeholders.

Member States are recommended to...

- Prioritize, plan, and budget for meaningful participation of forcibly displaced and stateless persons in the collection, analysis, and dissemination of data and evidence, in coordination with relevant actors.
- Develop and enforce a legal and policy framework to safeguard data integrity and protect the rights of data subjects.
- Collaborate in and with regional multilateral organizations to enhance and harmonize across countries the inclusion of displaced and stateless persons in data and statistics.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Utilize data and evidence collected to inform programming and policy development to support protection and inclusion in national systems of forcibly displaced and stateless persons.

- Prioritize, plan and budget for meaningful participation of forcibly displaced and stateless persons in the collection, analysis, and dissemination of data and evidence, in coordination with relevant actors.
- Develop and enforce protection policies to safeguard data integrity and protect the rights of data subjects.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Collaborate with national organizations and agencies in each country to responsibly collect reliable and localized data.
- Support governments to obtain comparable socio-economic data of displaced and stateless persons and facilitate its access to relevant stakeholders.
- Standardize indicators for forcibly displaced and stateless persons across a response situation through an inter-agency process.

Self-reliance and equal access to opportunities. Address barriers and promote inclusive policies in accessing rights and (social, economic, and mobility) opportunities for increased self-reliance in jointly implemented sustainable programmes with realistic exit strategies.

Member States are recommended to...

- Facilitate skill certification and in-country mobility for forcibly displaced and stateless persons to access economic opportunities.
- Change legislation to protect and enable the right to work for forcibly displaced and stateless persons and ease processes of accessing work permits.
- Allow for and fund longer-term projects towards resilience and self-reliance, including through a bottom-up approach.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Develop projects based on needs and vulnerabilities through an area-based approach which aim to be

inclusive of both forcibly displaced persons and host communities.

- Include a sustainability focus into their programming to ensure continuity beyond a project's end, aiming to engage local communities in program design, and undertaking evidence-based and market assessments.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Develop clear milestones and measure progress in achieving self-reliance for forcibly displaced and stateless persons in programming, in partnership with relevant actors.

Positive narrative promotion. Develop and implement policies and programmes that promote positive narratives on solutions and inclusion through meaningful participation and dialogue between forcibly displaced, stateless, and host communities.

Member States are recommended to...

- Meaningfully engage forcibly displaced and stateless persons together with host community members in government-led decision-making structures at local, regional, and national level.

- Create an enabling legal framework that empowers civil society, particularly organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless persons.
- Facilitate the sharing of positive stories on and good practices of inclusion in national systems.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Provide increased resources, knowledge strengthening, and safe spaces to bring together forcibly displaced, stateless, and host communities.
- Enhance efforts to sensitize relevant stakeholders at a local level, including through communication, workshops and training, and regular engagement, around issues related to forced displacement and statelessness.
- Strengthen capacity on and include activities in programmes tailored towards promoting inter-community understanding and dialogue.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Adequately resource participation in decision-making bodies, including facilitating engagement between States, NGOs, forcibly displaced and stateless persons, host communities and the private sector.
- Highlight social cohesion between displaced, stateless, and host communities in its external relations and media strategies.
- Provide adequate funding to local partners and programmes inclusive of host communities to help mitigate tension and ease pressure on the host community.

Equal access to services and protection. Strengthen locally-led action aimed at sharing knowledge of rights to ensure equal access to services and protection for forcibly displaced and stateless persons and host communities without discrimination.

Member States are recommended to...

- Develop and implement a legal and administrative environment supporting operationalization of inclusive and integrated access to services.
- Work with local stakeholders in host countries to change the negative perceptions of forcibly displaced and stateless persons, foster social cohesion and counter racism and xenophobia.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Build or expand on existing programmes that provide services and protection to host community members

by expanding the target population or adding activities ensuring access for forcibly displaced and stateless persons, and vice-versa.

- Create collaborative spaces for local partners to enable capacity-strengthening and knowledge-sharing on inclusion in national systems.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Coordinate the mapping of existing (local) service providers, identifying gaps and duplications, and make the data available to all stakeholders, including forcibly displaced and stateless persons.

Collaborative and equitable partnerships. Engage in a transparent, collaborative, and equitable multi-stakeholder approach in the design, implementation, fundraising, and evaluation of programmes and projects to strengthen local ownership for service provision.

Member States are recommended to...

- Mandate the meaningful participation of forcibly displaced persons and stateless people throughout the entire project management cycle of funded programmes.
- Review existing processes and standards for the selection of grantees to ensure an inclusive pool with local and national applicants and transparency in the selection process.
- Provide direct, flexible funding and resources with minimal administrative burden to host and displaced communities for equal access service provision.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Provide capacity strengthening institutional and governance development of local NGOs and community-based organizations, such as support for legal registration of organizations, grant applications, and setting overhead costs.

- Establish or strengthen local networks to allow for capacity-sharing on service provision between international and local NGOs, including through twinning and mentoring.
- Partner with organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless persons in all phases of project development, grant application, and implementation.
- Provide fair compensation to persons with lived experience for services rendered.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Encourage funded partners to partner with local organizations and organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless persons in their programmes and ensure ethical standards for collaboration.
- Facilitate an increase of local and community-based organizations able to access funding and partnerships agreements, including training on grants proposals and simplified administrative step from funding application to reporting.

Learning and knowledge-sharing. Foster reciprocal learning and knowledge exchange among stakeholders for more effective programming for protection, solutions and inclusion, including regular data dissemination and sharing promising practices, technical expertise, and experiences of refugees and forcibly displaced people.

Member States are recommended to...

- Share good practices with other states on the development and implementation of policies and laws fostering inclusion of forcibly displaced and stateless persons in national services.
- Exchange expertise and good practices on livelihood-related services and activities to increase refugee self-reliance, including building partnerships with private sector actors.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Promote exchanges among civil society actors on advocacy strategies and engagement with governments, including meaningful engagement of forcibly displaced persons in advocacy activities.

- Share good practices of community-based mapping of activities that foster inclusion or enable solutions to inform contingency planning and emergency responses.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Provide training on national refugee law implemented in partnership with relevant actors.
- Collaborate with international development actors to collect and share evidence on inclusion in national systems with states.
- Promote knowledge among civil society on engagement with private sector actors and academia.

Gender Equality

Women-led organizations and shifting power. Support the expertise and leadership of organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls in all their diversity, promote their meaningful participation in decision-making forums such as the Inter-Agency Coordination mechanisms, scale up opportunities for flexible and sustainable funding for gender transformative programming, programmes for GBV, and capacity-sharing, build equitable partnerships and coalitions, and engage in collective advocacy across the humanitarian, peace, and development nexus.

Member States are recommended to...

- Provide more direct, flexible and long-term funding to organizations led by forcibly displaced and/or stateless women and girls and fund entire programme cycles, including M&E.
- Eliminate legal and administrative barriers for organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls to carry out their work (e.g. registration, bank accounts, etc.)
- Set up protected financial systems which assist local organizations, including unregistered organizations, to access funding in difficult contexts.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Strengthen capacity and equitable ways to share capacity by avoiding duplication in programming and by promoting coalition building, mutual exchange and learning among NGOs, especially those led by women and girls.

- Promote visibility of organizations led by forcibly displaced and/or stateless women and girls, especially those led by youth (e.g. building young and emerging leadership).
- Support initiatives led by stateless and unregistered organizations led by forcibly displaced women and girls and act as incubators for these organizations/initiatives.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Support organizations led by forcibly displaced and stateless persons in all their diversity in an equitable and transparent way, including through capacity-sharing.
- Create an enabling environment for more equitable and inclusive decision making.
- Simplify partnership procedures for women-led organizations and facilitate partnerships between them by fostering coalition building.

Women and girls as equal partners. Strengthen accountability to forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls in all their diversity by ensuring they are equal partners in all humanitarian efforts, including through their meaningful participation and leadership in decision-making processes.

Member States are recommended to...

- Involve people with lived experience of forced displacement and/or statelessness in developing solutions in their host country.
- Meaningfully engage forcibly displaced and stateless persons in government-led decision-making structures at local, regional, and national level and consider them as experts and advisors on specific topics, and in identifying solutions and priorities.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Consider diverse approaches (i.e., intersectionality) for diverse needs by ensuring forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls are included while taking into account local contexts and approaches.
- Ensure gender sensitive programming through all phases of the program cycle (assessments, planning, implementation, M&E and data analysis).

- Strengthen collection and monitoring of age, gender, and diversity disaggregated data.
- Implement localized gender equality awareness training in partnership with local actors.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Build networks and develop partnerships with entities that work with women and girls beyond UNHCR implementing partners.
- Consider moving global and regional events and fora to local settings, where applicable, and support the participation of forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls to represent their perspectives in such fora.
- Engage women and girls of diverse backgrounds meaningfully and consult them on protection, assistance, and solutions, ensure they have access to timely, accurate and relevant information and feedback and response mechanisms and that interventions are adapted accordingly.

LGBTIQ+ organizations. Support the efforts of LGBTIQ+ organizations led by or supporting LGBTIQ+ displaced and stateless people, by removing barriers restricting their human rights, mitigating risks they face in carrying out their work, enabling their meaningful participation in decision-making processes, co-design and co-delivery of programs, strengthening capacity, channelling quality funding, including through direct partnerships.

Member States are recommended to...

- Develop mechanisms and solutions that allow the channelling of quality funding, i.e. flexible, sustainable, direct and proportionate funding (for example, through quotas) to LGBTIQ+ organizations (led by or supporting LGBTIQ+ displaced and stateless people).
- Create formal, multi-stakeholder partnerships with LGBTIQ+ organizations led by or supporting LGBTIQ+ displaced and stateless people fostering collaboration among actors (e.g. to address insufficient specialized services).
- Review policies to amend and/or draft new policies to remove legal and policy barriers restricting LGBTIQ+ rights and preventing additional barriers, to provide safe environments and inclusive practices, with the advice of organizations led by and working with LGBTIQ+ displaced and stateless persons.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Use platforms to uplift and highlight the work of LGBTIQ+ grassroots organizations to facilitate resources, information, and support their capacity.

- Support grassroots LGBTIQ+ organizations to build evidence, through documentation, safe data collection, and monitoring & evaluation.
- Advocate for and support meaningful participation of forcibly displaced and stateless LGBTIQ+ people with lived experience or their organizations through sharing resources and giving space and visibility, etc.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Engage regularly with LGBTIQ+ organizations led by or supporting LGBTIQ+ displaced and stateless people, including through coordination mechanisms led by UNHCR and by assessing their needs and aspirations to support effective institutional strengthening.
- Use adequate funding models and create opportunities for LGBTIQ+ organizations led by or supporting LGBTIQ+ displaced and stateless people for equitable partnerships.
- Co-design and co-deliver models and programs with LGBTIQ+ organizations led by or supporting displaced and stateless people and compensate them for their labor and expertise shared in expert roles.

Private sector engagement. Promote sustainable, equitable and strategic partnerships between the private sector and organizations led by displaced and stateless women and girls in all their diversity, including those with disabilities and LGBTIQ+ people with a focus on mapping of actors and opportunities for engagement in financing, joint advocacy, and capacity sharing.

Member States are recommended to...

- Map opportunities with the private sector in their respective country for engagement with WLOs, including local organizations led by displaced and stateless women and girls.
- Incentivize private sector engagement with organizations led by displaced and stateless women and girls by passing laws and policies for enterprises to have fiscal breaks and removing roadblocks to engagement.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Consult organizations led by displaced and stateless women and girls on capacity-sharing needs and facilitate exchange and training with the private sector.

- Seek opportunities with the private sector to allow organizations led by displaced and stateless women and girls to explore and expand their skillsets.
- Map opportunities for organizations led by displaced and stateless women and girls to engage with the private sector.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Create a user friendly, accessible information sharing repository that can be accessed by UNHCR, and organizations led by displaced and stateless women and girls (supported by the private sector).
- Provide joint training and capacity strengthening on key topics such as PSEA or project management and finance, ideally providing certification.
- Share good practices on identifying organizations led by displaced and stateless women and girls for linking them up with the private sector.

GBV prevention and response programming. Foster equal partnerships between local (in particular women-led organizations) and international organizations to maximize the impact and sustainability of GBV specialized programming; and jointly advocate with donors for the prioritization of GBV funding (including multi-year funding) to ensure the provision of comprehensive prevention and response interventions.

Member States are recommended to...

- Enhance direct funding to women-led organizations and other local organizations specialized in GBV prevention and response. Organization-led by displaced and stateless women should be especially considered.
- Enhance prevention and response programming in humanitarian and forced displacement contexts, including establish dedicated funding mechanisms for GBV programming.
- Involve local actors, including WLOs, at the table in funding related process/mechanism starting from need assessment to the designing of the GBV programme.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Build partnerships with local actors, especially WLO and organizations working on GBV through joint organizational assessments that identify strengths, gaps, and areas for improvement.
- Design and implement capacity-sharing programs tailored to the specific needs of WLOs and organizations working on GBV.
- Facilitate access to equal funding opportunities for WLOs and organizations working on GBV.
- Leverage different digital platforms to advertise the

expertise of WLO and organizations working on GBV to increase visibility and awareness of GBV programs and mobilize funding, e.g. by showcasing collaborations through multi-platform campaigns by using storytelling and visual content, data-driven advocacy and engaging with online communities and influencers.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Simplify funding procedures, making it easier for local actors, especially WLOs which include language simplification (clear and simple and provision of language assistance) and streamlined due diligence processes.
- Engage with local authorities, jointly with WLOs, for policy reform and addressing GBV issues, when the context allows.
- Appeal for more GBV funding by collaborating with other UN agencies pooling in their collective strengths, resources, and networks. This includes developing joint funding proposals, joint advocacy campaigns (co-branded, unified messaging), organizing unified GBV funding platforms and high-level donor conferences focused on GBV funding

- **Protection from GBV along mixed movement routes.** Enable a holistic, survivor-centered, coordinated, and adaptable approach to protect forcibly displaced and stateless women and girls, in all their diversity, from GBV as they move as part of mixed movements of refugees and migrants.

Member States are recommended to...

- Ensure GBV concerns are included in global/Member State mixed movement forums.
- Mandate training on safe response to GBV disclosure and referral for all frontline staff in border areas.

NGOs are recommended to...

- Design culturally-informed approaches to mental health and psychosocial support built on effective community-based models of healing.
- Design social behaviours change programmes to work on GBV prevention in the context of mixed movements.
- Advocate for resources to provide an evidence-based response to GBV along mixed movement routes.

UNHCR is recommended to...

- Document GBV risks on mixed movement routes and advocate for resources to provide an evidence-based response.
- Create a multi-stakeholder training programme for WLOs on GBV minimum standards and frontline response.
- Scale up UNHCR direct partnerships with WLOs in GBV prevention and response, including to step up protection services in remote locations.
- Adapt a case management manual with an approach for mixed movements.