## **UNHCR Management Response to**

## Evaluation of UNHCR's Country Operations in Angola, Botswana and Namibia: Assessment of Phasing Down

## **UNHCR Presence During the Period 2012-201**

UNHCR Evaluation Management Response						
Evaluation title:	Evaluation of UNHCR's country operations in Angola, Botswana and Namibia: assessment of phasing down UNHCR presence during the period 2012-2016					
UNHCR evaluation reference:	ES/2018/01					
Entity that commissioned the evaluation:	Entity that commissioned the evaluation: The Regional Office for Southern Africa / Evaluation Service					
Date of Management Response:	06 October 2018					

## The purpose of this evaluation was to assess the effectiveness of and draw lessons from the gradual phasing down of UNHCR presence in three countries in the Southern Africa region all under the coverage of the Regional Office for Southern Africa (ROSA) in Pretoria. The evaluation captures key findings related to the management of this phasing-down exercise such as weaknesses in the strategic planning process; coordination both within UNHCR and with external counterparts, including with the national governments concerned: and administrative, financial and human resources matters. UNHCR takes careful note of the evaluation, its findings and recommendations. A number confirm previous or actually existing organizational experiences and practices of phasing down presence. At large, they will be borne in mind in the process of redefining UNHCR's regional presence in Southern Africa in the context of the ongoing regionalization / decentralization process. On the other hand, as the evaluation was taking place, the phasing down of UNHCR's operations in Namibia was completed; the Botswana office was already in the process of implementing a time-bound plan, including a review of the phasing down, General comments on the evaluation: together with the Government and UNHCR presence in Angola was scaled up significantly as a result of the 2017 influx of DR Congolese refugees. As a result, the recommendation specifically focusing on these three Operations has been partly overtaken by events or already implemented. In the meantime, the process of elaborating the Global Compact on Refugees, the reforms unfolding within the wider UN and the establishment of the Division of Resilience and Solutions within UNHCR have spurred a new impetus to various issues referred to in evaluation report and also impact on some the recommendations. UNHCR takes note of evaluators' view that general conclusions on phasing down of UNHCR's presence throughout the world can be drawn from the findings of this evaluation. Note is also taken of the related (sub) recommendations made in the report. The management response outlined herewith however focuses on the key recommendations and not necessarily on sub-recommendations.

	Develop a clear, shared, well-articulated, and evidence-based multi-year strategy that focuses on protection of persons of concern in the three countries, with clear roles and responsibilities for all stakeholders over time, including as needed, a reduced UNHCR presence.  Sub-Recommendation 1.1: Consider opportunities for high-level engagement of Governments in the three countries in order to agree on the overall parameters for UNHCR's presence in the countries as well as expectations in relation to roles and responsibilities of other actors, including government institutions and development actors in line with international commitments. Based on the NYD and the SDGs, initiate a multi-stakeholder process in each country in order to map and analyse the situation for persons of concern, with a view to establishing shared or sectoral protection and assistance outcomes with line ministries and relevant development actors.			
RECOMMENDATION 1:	<b>Sub-Recommendation 1.2:</b> Based on the consultations with the government, consider the development of a MYMP plan along three strands. Firstly, an advocacy strategy for achieving international protection goals. Secondly, a strategy for government capacity development in cooperation with development actors, and for the inclusion of refugees in the NDP. And, finally, a plan for any humanitarian response where still required, such as in Angola, or for outstanding operational needs of residual caseloads in other countries.			
	<b>Sub-Recommendation 1.3:</b> It is recommended that decisions regarding resources, staffing and structures for the countries and ROSA are aligned with such plans and take due consideration of the regionalization policy by building regional capacity where appropriate.			
	<b>Sub-Recommendation 1.4:</b> The phase down plan, or MYMP plan as mentioned above, would benefit from being based on pre-established and agreed operational milestones on protection, programme, durable solutions, handovers and coordination. Plans should also include milestones for human resources management, financial and asset management. Handing over to new partners with little experience in refugee operations, without a plan for support, capacity development and close monitoring, should be avoided.			
Management response:	Agree Partially agree Disagree			
Reasons (if partially agree or disagree):	There is only partial agreement with this recommendation because of, as pointed out already, the closure of UNHCR presence in Namibia already by the time the evaluation report was published. It however bears to be underlined that, in key respects, the closure of that presence was undertaken in keeping with many of the key points underlined in the evaluation. Because of completion of the closure of the UNHCR presence in Namibia accordingly, there is no pending action accordingly, thus there is no need to respond one way or the other to the recommendation. As for other elements of the recommendation, some of the details captured in the sub-recommendations have already been partially implemented in Botswana, are part of the regular multi-year planning exercises, or will be overtaken by decisions regarding regionalization. To these extents, the			

			nd its relevant sub-components a re been implemented.	re thus accepted according	gly and, as just highligh	ed, are being
Unit	or function responsible:	ROSA and the Regi	ional Bureau for Africa		_	
Top	line planned actions	By whom Comments	Comments	Expected	Progress	
_		<b>-</b> ,	Commonto	completion date	Status	Comments
1.1 to 1.4	Creation of a multi-functional task force to drive this process and development of multi-year, multi partner plan	Regional Representative	The task force will be established to start the planning process and initiate the relevant activities. The ROSA will be impacted by the on-going regionalization and decentralization initiative	30 June 2019	Botswana and Namibia are already annexed to the Regional Office (ROSA). Angola was up scaled because of the emergency from April 2017	The recent Change Management Initiative (on regionalization) will have an impact on the structures and processes of UNHCR. These will also have a direct impact on the respective offices in the region. In 2019, UNHCR will therefore have skeleton staff in Botswana and we plan to second one staff to either UNDP or Refugee Commissioner's Office responsible for overseeing refugee welfare in Osire Camp.
Provide policy guidance on responsible, thoughtful phasing down as a natural part of operation and the closure of the country presence in all of its a natural part of the life cycle of its operations by engaging continuously with the relevant governing respective roles and responsibilities taking into consideration existing international refugee protection frameworks. Meaningful planning for phasing down and the closure of office presence should be of the outset by UNHCR, from the time of opening a country presence.				I of its operations as vernments on protection		
Mana	ngement response:					
Reas	As a matter of principle and standard practice, UNHCR is engaging sustainably with refugee hosting countries on in refugee protection frameworks, as well as on the respective roles and responsibilities. This takes place by senior mand staff at national, regional and Headquarters levels including through strategic and/or theme-specific "bilaterals"				e by senior managers	

"dialogues". Furthermore, the intensive consultations on the Global Refugee Compact over a two year period provided a further unique opportunity for policy dialogue in which the said refugee hosting countries provided extensive and rich input UNHCR therefore fully endorses the first part of the recommendation. It also understands why the evaluators state that meaningful planning for phasing down and closure of office presence should be considered from the time of establishing a country presence. At the same time, attention is drawn to the fact that in many countries the presence of refugees is prolonged, often for decades, in the absence of durable solutions or as a result of new or recurring new refugee influxes. I importance of resilience and solutions is fully acknowledged by UNHCR, including bringing in a solutions perspective from beginning of an emergency approach. However, considering planning for phasing down and closing of a country presence from the outset may not always be practical or feasible at all.  Unit or function responsible:  Senior Management, UNHCR HQ					
Top line planned actions	By whom	Comments	Expected completion date	Pro- Status	gress Comments
2.1 Regular engagement and dialogue with governments on the situation of refugees in their country with a view to achieve resilience and solutions, and supporting the governments in this respect. This also in the spirit of the New York Declaration, and the Global Refugee Compact, and the renewed call for burden- and responsibility sharing.	All senior staff at different levels (national, regional and Headquarters)		Continuous / Ongoing		
RECOMMENDATION 3:	Sub-Recommendation 3.1: Consider a review of existing planning tools and guidelines to ensure that they provide sufficient guidance to offices on how to plan—even from the outset of opening a country presence—an eventual phase down approach. The guidance should consider phasing down processes in relation to different aspect of UNHCR's work, such as advocacy for international protection, capacity development for government counterparts and partners, for protection and assistance responses, and for work in relation to finding durable solutions. To benefit from the organizational accountability steps and existing resource allocations.				

		<b>Sub-Recommendation 3.2:</b> Develop capacity of Bureaux and operations on how to prepare phase down plans, including considerations on how to involve not only Governments, UN agencies and other stakeholders, but also how to plan for human resource management, advocacy and communication, as well as financial closure of country presence.					
Mana	agement response:	□ <sub>Agree</sub>	Partially agree Disag	gree			
	ons (if partially agree or disagree):	in the UNHCR Strate national development addition, achieving the of stakeholders in the of the government in beyond a specific UN under consideration, other aspects highlight should also, where reguidance is an obstace		NHCR also advocates for in mbraced the 2030 Agenda an pact on Refugees (GCR) requility sharing. UNHCR plays a conses and support to the com CR however agrees that if a comprehensively managed in and sub-recommendations.	clusion of refugees in dits dedication of "leauries enhanced partner itical role in this, as a munities hosting them specific phasing-out oncluding in regard to NHCR also agrees the distance of the specific phasing in regard to NHCR also agrees the distance of the specific phasing-out of the specific phasing-out of the specific phasing-out to the specific phasing-out to the specific phasing-out of the specific phasing-	in national systems and aving no one behind". In erships with a wide range a facilitator and in support in. All this obviously goes of UNHCR's presence is the admin, financial and that planned phase down	
	or function responsible:		Senior Management UNHCR HQ  Burnsham  Commands  Expected  Pro				
					FIC	oaress	
Гор	line planned actions	By whom	Comments	completion date	Status	ogress Comments	
3 3	Conduct a quick review of experience with other examples of UNHCR's phasing down presence, and see to what extent there is a gap of guidance and tools.	Focal points in each Bureau in coordination with relevant Divisions and services including, notably, the Change Team	Comments  tion-wide roles and response	June 2019	Status	Comments	

Management response:	Agree	Partially agree Disag	ree		
Reasons (if partially agree or disagree):	regionalization proc	endation is already incorporated ess, the ARAs of various entities I be taken into consideration.			
Unit or function responsible:	Senior Managemen	, UNHCR HQ	1	_	
Top line planned actions	By whom	Comments	Expected completion date	Status	gress Comments
4.1 Revised ARAs in place for different entities at different levels.	Director of Change		December 2019		
RECOMMENDATION 5:	down.  UNHCR should preparation and i UNHCR's internativarious risks, to m	I for technical support and consider creating dedicated mplementation of phasing cional protection mandate. Consitoring, supervisory response with development actors	specialized multi-functions own office presence, wonsiderations in relation asibilities and standards	tional transition tea hile ensuring contin to the assessments for protection and as	ms tasked with the ued delivery against and management of
Management response:	□ <sub>Agree</sub> □ <sub>Pa</sub>	artially agree Disagr	ee		
Reasons (if partially agree or disagree):	international protect informed approach in recommendation that significantly differenthe support, guidant mandatory model for team" is not consider additional expertize confirmed that UNH	the closure or draw-down of its ion responsibilities. Accordingly, n preparing for and implementinat for each phase down, there shat operational situations and contice and mechanisms needed in ir r guidance, support or implemented as the apt way to go althoug can indeed be factored into the CR's engagement and partnership that they are not necessarily designed.	the Office has accepted region phase down of UNHCR's ould be a dedicated, special exts, UNHCR capacities an applementing closure in each tation of closure, in particular, again depending on the process. With respect to the pip development continues	commendation 7 that the presence. The disagreed is alized multi-functional teducing a country will also differ greatly. It is a feet the creation of a deceparticular situation at site final part of the recompto be strengthened expertional part.	nere should be a risk- ement is with the eam. In view of the try or region concerned, A standard and dicated "specialized take, special or emendation, it is onentially while at the
Unit or function responsible:	Senior Managemen	t, UNHCR HQ			
Ten line planned estima	•		Expected	Pro	gress
Top line planned actions	By whom	Comments	completion date	Status	Comments
			- completion date	Julia	0011111101110

RECOMMENDATION 6:	Ensure that there is early alignment with government and national stakeholders on the parameters for phasing down presence.  Sub-Recommendation 6.1: Ensure dialogue at the highest level between UNHCR and the government to agree to the overall parameters for a responsible phase down of UNHCR presence. Where responsibilities are expected to be transferred to State institutions this is aimed at ensuring ownership by governments, and, as appropriate, other stakeholders.  Sub-Recommendation 6.2: Provide sufficient time for high-level meetings between government, other partner and development actors, and UNHCR senior managers to communicate, discuss and explain the decision and steps moving forward. This could include leveraging other actors in the international community, such as donor and ExCom members. Do the same for communication with UNHCR staff, donors, partners, and persons of				
Management response:	concern.  Agree Partially agree Disagree				
Reasons (if partially agree or disagree):	The recommendatio	n overlaps with recommendation	ns 2, 6 and 7		
Unit or function responsible:	Senior Management	, UNHCR HQ, Bureaux, Region	<u> </u>	Duas	
Top line planned actions	By whom	Comments	Expected completion date	Status	gress Comments
Engage key stakeholders early on in discussions on parameters for possible scaling down of UNHCR's presence. This includes but is not limited to the Government, the Resident Coordinator and members of the United Nations Country Team (UNCT), and key national and governmental organization (NGO) partners	Snr. Management in country, region and Headquarters		Depends on the specific country situation if and when applicable.	For example, in Botswana, there are agreed action points (with timelines) between the government and UNHCR.	30
RECOMMENDATION 7:	Sub-Recommend using for instance down, so as to mir include a risk asset	e is an analytical, evidence d standards for protection a lation 7.1: Dedicate time and research and evaluation data nimize tensions with persons essment in relation to, for inst ngage development actors, in	and assistance.  I resources for a compre a for analysis of political a of concern, partners and ance, reputational risk, re	hensive assessment and longer term ramifor the host government elational risk and lega	of the situation, ications of phasing t. This should Il or mandate

	ensure that international protection is provided to refugees and that their needs are included in National Development Plans, as also supported by the UN.  Sub-Recommendation 7.2: Articulate clear objectives for the phase down and incorporate a thorough, transparent analysis of underlying assumptions in a participatory manner and agreed with the government and other stakeholders as appropriate. This should include clarity in relation to agreed standards for protection and assistance, and use consistent and thoughtful language in relation to the final situation (e.g. "phase down" vs. "disengagement" vs. "closure" etc.). A better analysis and reasoned decision reflected in clear objectives may further mitigate effects of subsequent senior staff rotation during the implementation.  Sub-Recommendation 7.3: When preparing for the closure of country presence, UNHCR should support an historical account of its presence and accomplishments as a lasting testimony to its involvement in the country and its partnerships with the government and national civil society.				
Management response:					
Reasons (if partially agree or disagree):	Reasons (if partially agree or disagree):  UNHCR agrees with this recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments and steps called for in the recommendation while clarifying that the investments are clarifying that the investment				
Unit or function responsible:	Senior Managemen	t in Bureaux, Regional and Cour			
Top line planned actions	By whom Comi	Comments	Expected		gress
· · ·	,		completion date	Status	Comments
7.1 Put together a comprehensive, yet concise, risk-informed plan for the phase-out of UNHCR's presence in the country. This plan should include key elements included in the relevant recommendations of this evaluation report, as appropriate in the specific context. Implementation of this plan will be reviewed and adjusted as appropriate.	Country Representative, with support from and management oversight of Bureau Director		As and when applicable		
Ensure that the process of phasing down is well-managed, monitored and account stakeholders concerned.  RECOMMENDATION 8:  Sub-Recommendation 8.1: Ensure the proper functioning of an agreed mechanism of join implementation and adjust course if needed. The process should be flexible enough to chain including delaying reductions in staff or changing hand-over plans. Likewise, when governing the process of phasing down is well-managed, monitored and account stakeholders concerned.				monitoring of ge plans as needed,	

No further specific and detailed comments as mentioned above.			completion date	Status	Comments		
Top line planned actions	By whom	Comments	Expected		gress		
Unit or function responsible:		and Country Offices					
Reasons (if partially agree or disagree):	<b>rtially agree or disagree):</b> This recommendation is accepted. It is once again underscored that the actions called for in the recommendation would considered and included specifically and concretely as already explained in the comment with respect to Recommendation.  Accordingly, there are no specific "top line planned actions" foreseen as called for in the recommendation.						
Management response:	Agree Partially agree Disagree						
	relevant communi	<b>Sub-Recommendation 8.4:</b> For accountability, ensure the systematic documentation and archiving of all relevant communications, correspondence and reports in relation to the phasing down process. Expert support should be provided to ensure proper archiving and backing up of all data.					
	<b>Sub-Recommendation 8.3:</b> Consider placing a UNHCR-funded staff member with the government office to ensure a smooth handover during the phasing down period. This was done in Namibia, where a staff member was embedded in the Refugee Commissioner's Office during the final six-months prior to the full closure of the Office. This model could be reviewed for lessons learned.						
	positions are elim	<b>Sub-Recommendation 8.2:</b> Senior managers need to take appropriate steps to promote that staff, whose positions are eliminated, will continue to be advocates for refugees as well as for the interests of UNHCR after they have left the Agency by actively supporting their welfare, active participation and future employment.					
		R should adequately respond to tion to ensuring the continued			nent of plans,		