UNHCR Jordan - Assistance and Protection 2009 Mid-Year Report

Data Analysis Group - 30 July 2009 - Tracking Code: BIS0011

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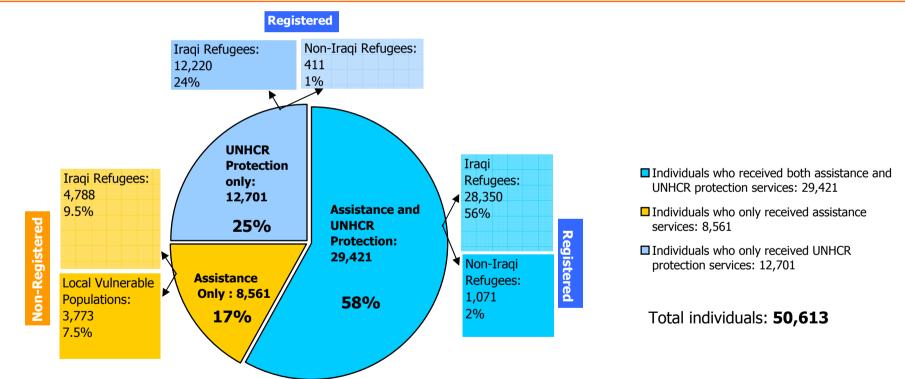


• In 2009, UNHCR has focused its activities more on individual, targeted assistance as a means of providing a much-needed safety net. Between January and June 2009, UNHCR and its 23 implementing partners provided services to 50,613 individuals. Targeted assistance was provided to 29,421 individuals who registered with UNHCR and 8,561 individuals who are not registered with UNHCR.

- 12,701 individuals received UNHCR protection services such as registration or resettlement, but did not seek or were not eligible for material assistance.
- As part of the strategy in an urban context to promote coexistence and tolerance, up to 25% of beneficiaries may be locally-affected populations such as vulnerable or poor Jordanians.
- Out of the 50,613 individuals assisted, 3,779 individuals' cases have been closed, mainly due to departure for resettlement.

Individuals who received more than one kind of assistance were only counted once.

Received Assistance or UNHCR Protection Services: January-June 2009



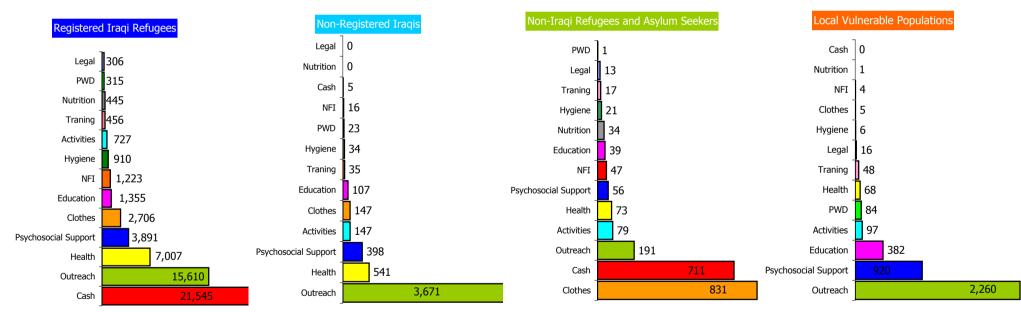
• UNHCR protection services include resettlement, registration, voluntary repatriation and SGBV and legal counseling.

• After receiving assistance from UNHCR's implementing partners, thousands of individuals registered with UNHCR. In 2009, UNHCR conducted a Beneficiary Information System (BIS) database clean-up to delete the non-registered individuals who registered after receiving assistance. In 2008, 39% of the individuals assisted were noted as non-registered beneficiaries, compared to 17% in 2009.

• The country of origin for 393 non-registered individuals is unknown, so were not included in the above chart.

Registered & Received Assistance 29,421	28,350 Iraqis Refugees	1,071 Non-Iraqi Refugees and Asylum seekers
Unregistered & Received Assistance 8,561	4,788 Iraqis Refugees	3,773 Local Vulnerable Populations

- A total of 33,138 Iraqis were assisted, of which 28,350 were registered and 4,788 were not registered. Iraqi dependents of other nationalities are counted as Iraqis.
- UNHCR also assisted 1,071 non-Iraqi refugees and asylum seekers from Somalia, Sudan, and other countries.
- Local vulnerable populations, a total of 3,773 individuals, were also assisted as part of the strategy in an urban context.



• Registered Iraqis are primarily supported through cash (21,545 individuals) and outreach (15,610 individuals).

• Non-registered Iraqis are mainly supported through outreach (3,671 individuals) and health services (541 individuals). Non-registered Iraqis can receive UNHCR-supported emergency health services, and can access the public health centers.

• Non-Iraqi refugees and asylum seekers primarily receive clothing (831) and cash assistance (711). (Caritas reported that several hundred non-registered Iraqis received health services, but this data was not entered into the database.)

• Local vulnerable populations receive primarily outreach and psychosocial support. This is part of UNHCR's strategy in an urban context to promote coexistence and tolerance.

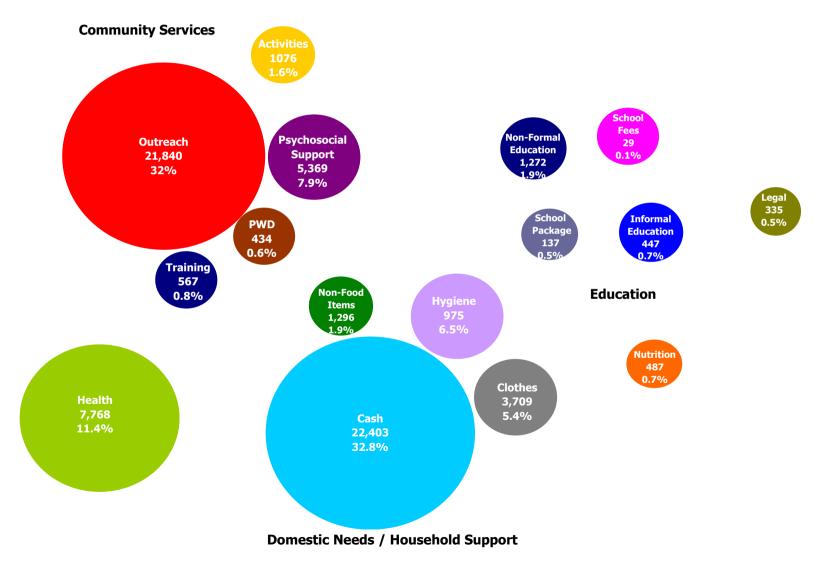
• The country of origin for 393 non-registered individuals is unknown, so were not included in the above charts. Some health assistance data is not included.

Assistance Breakdown: January-June 2009

• Cash assistance, outreach and health services were the largest sub-sectors of assistance provided between January and June 2009.

• Outreach volunteers contacted a total of 21,840 individuals, of which 3,671 were non-registered Iraqis. Through these home visits, vulnerable Iraqis can be identified and referred to UNHCR for assistance or protection.

- Cash assistance through ATM cards was provided to 6,789 families / 22,403 individuals, as a much-needed safety net.
- Health services, including 340 referrals, were provided to 7,768 individuals.
- Note: In 2009, Caritas did not enter most of the data on non-Iraqi refugees into BIS, and International Medical Corps did not enter data on mental healthcare.



New Arrivals, New Registration, Resettlement Departures and Voluntary Repatriation: January-June 2009 (as of 30 July 2009)

• A total of 53,498 active individuals are currently registered with UNHCR Jordan (as of 30 July 2009).

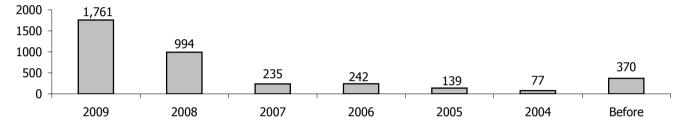
• 1,761 individuals arrived in Jordan and registered with UNHCR in 2009. According to recent data from the registration unit, new arrivals register because of resettlement (45%), assistance (39%), protection (14%) and other reasons (2%).

• 3,818 individuals registered with UNHCR between January and June 2009, of which 508 are non-Iraqis.

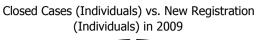
• There are almost equal amounts of closed cases (individuals) as newly registered individuals; therefore, the size UNHCR's caseload remains stable.

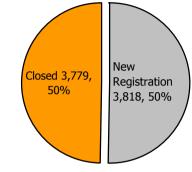
• 2,945 individuals departed for resettlement between January and June 2009, of which 59 are non-Iraqi refugees.

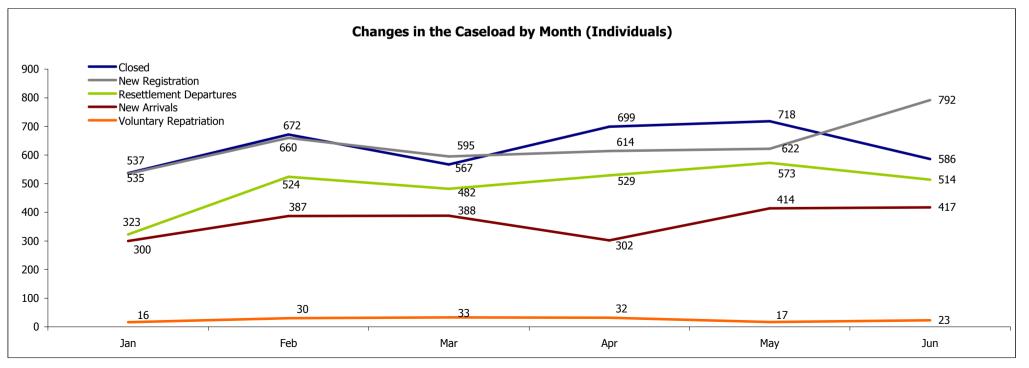
• 151 individuals voluntarily repatriated to Iraq with UNHCR's assistance.



New Registration (3,818 individuals) by Arrival Year







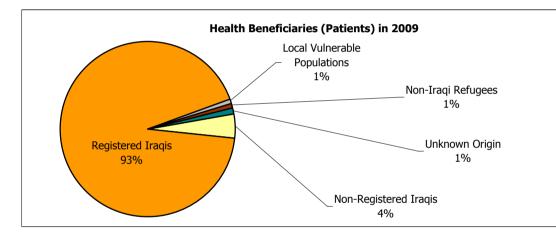
Health Assistance: January-June 2009

• Out of a total of 53,498 persons currently registered with UNHCR (as of 30 July 2009), 13% of them accessed UNHCR-funded health services in 2009. Iraqis may also receive health services at the public or private health centers.

- 94% of the 2009 health beneficiaries are registered Iraqi and non-Iraqi refugees, 4% are non-registered Iraqis, 1% are local vulnerable populations, and 1% are of unknown origin.
- The health beneficiaries are accessing health services quite often, with an average of 3.8 visits per patient in the first six months of 2009.
- A total of 7,428 unique individuals received health assistance from Caritas and JRC between January and June 2009. Many of these patients visited the clinics multiple times.
- From January to June 2009, Caritas and JRC provided 28,357 instances of assistance.
- The patients in 2009 face socioeconomic vulnerability: 66% of them were on June's cash assistance list.

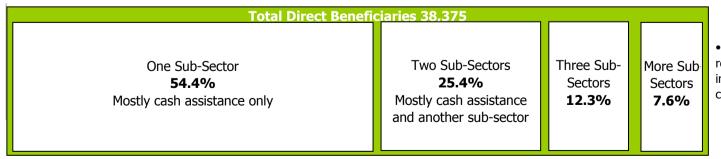
• 51% of the people who used the health services in 2009 were not accessing these services in 2008. Yet, there are very few people who arrived in 2009 that are using health services. This could suggest that people switched to Caritas and JRC after using other services in the past.

• Note: In 2009, Caritas did not enter most of the data on non-Iraqi refugees into BIS, and International Medical Corps did not enter data on mental healthcare.



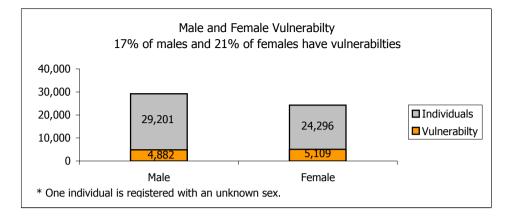
Health Sector	Jan-Jun 2009
Instances of Assistance (number of consultations)	28,357
Unique Direct Beneficiaries (number of unique individual patients)	7,428
Average consultations per patient in six months	3.8

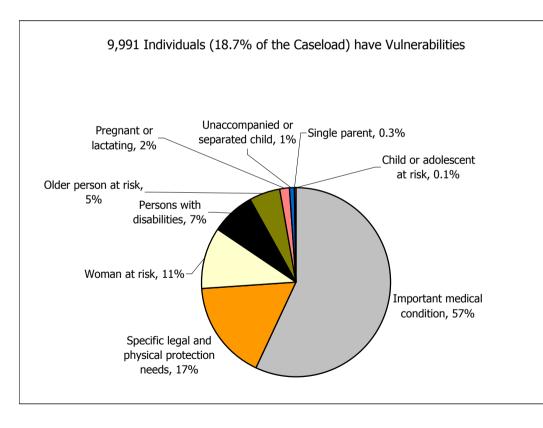
Individuals Receiving One or More Sub-Sectors of Assistance: January-June 2009

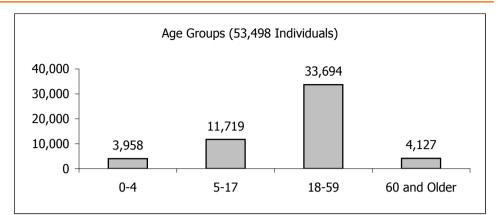


• Similar to 2008, the majority of the beneficiaries are receiving only one sector of assistance. This may indicate that the provision of cash assistance helps cover basic necessities.

Caseload Profile: as of 30 July 2009







Country	Individuals
Iraq	51,856
Sudan	365
Somalia	299
Syria	257
Jordan (Dependents of Refugees)	221
Other Countries	175
Egypt	116
Russia Federation	113
None/Stateless	96

Case Size	Cases
1	14,630
2	3,000
3	2,388
4	2,441
5	1,611
6	768
7	272
8	99
9	38
10	16
11	3
12	3
13	1
Average case size	2.12
Average case size excluding cases with	3.7
only one person	5.,